



NEONATAL MEDICATION GUIDELINE

Gentamicin

Scope (Staff):	Nursing, Midwifery, Medical and Pharmacy Staff
Scope (Area):	KEMH NICU, PCH NICU, NETS WA, KEMH and OPH Postnatal Clinical Areas.

This document should be read in conjunction with the [Disclaimer](#).

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HIGH RISK Medication 

Incorrect dosing with respect to age, weight and renal function may result in significant ototoxicity and nephrotoxicity. Under dosing may result in treatment failure, monitoring of drug levels may be required.

Description

Aminoglycoside antibiotic

Presentation

Ampoule: 80 mg/2 mL

Storage

Store at room temperature, below 25°C

Indication

Treatment of infections caused by susceptible organisms including E. Coli, Pseudomonas, Klebsiella.

Contraindications

Hypersensitivity to gentamicin, other aminoglycosides or any component of the formulation.

Precaution

Caution in patients with pre-existing renal impairment, auditory or vestibular impairment, hypocalcaemia, depressed neuromuscular transmission.

Dose

HIGH RISK MEDICATION

Dose errors have occurred previously. Please ensure **DOSE** and **FREQUENCY** are charted correctly.

Corrected Gestational Age	Postnatal Age	Dose	Frequency
<30 weeks	0-7 days	5mg/kg	48 hourly
	>7 days	5mg/kg	24 hourly
30-35 weeks	0-7 days	6mg/kg	48 hourly
	>7 days	6mg/kg	24 hourly
>35 weeks	0-14 days	4½mg/kg	24 hourly
	>14 days	7mg/kg	24 hourly

Dose Adjustment

Renal Impairment:

Perform trough concentration prior to every dose.

See Monitoring Section

Preparation

IV: Available from CIVAS (KEMH & PCH).

Step 1 Dilution:

Take 2mL of Gentamicin and dilute to 8mL with diluent

Final concentration is 10mg/mL

IM:

Use undiluted.

Administration**IV injection**

Inject over 5 to 10 minutes.

Intramuscular injection

As per [CAHS Medication Administration Policy](#)

Compatible Fluids

Sodium Chloride 0.9%, Glucose 5%

Y-Site Compatibility

Refer to KEMH Neonatal Medication Guideline: [Y-Site IV Compatibility in Neonates](#)

Side Effects

Common: Nil

Serious: Nephrotoxicity – reduce dose in renal impairment. Increased risk when administered with other nephrotoxic drugs and cephalosporins. Auditory and vestibular deafness

Interactions

IV aminoglycoside antibiotics are inactivated by IV cephalosporins, penicillins and teicoplanin. Do not give simultaneously.

Monitoring**Sample:**

Trough level: 0.4mL blood immediately prior to dose.

Peak level: 0.4mL blood 1-hour post dose.

1. First levels to be taken:

24 hourly dosing regimen: 72 hours after commencing course

48 hourly dosing regimen: 96 hours after commencing course

2. Next levels to be taken:

24 hourly dosing regimen: Next level on day 8

48 hourly dosing regimen: Next level on day 9

3. Check levels every four days subsequently

4. Blood levels are to be repeated at the next dose (pre and post) if the dose is adjusted or if the infant's clinical situation (ie renal failure) is likely to lead to unpredictable levels.

For all babies calculate "area under the curve" using the results obtained.

Area Under The Curve (AUC):

Ideal range is 80 – 100mg/L.hour

Expected levels:

- Peak: >10mg/L
- Trough level at 24 hours post dose: < 2mg/L
- Trough level at 48 hours post dose: < 1mg/L Consult a senior physician if levels are outside these AUC parameters.

To calculate the "Area Under the Curve", a computer programme called "NeoGent" is available via the intranet.

- To perform the calculations and generate a report, please follow these instructions;
- Using the computer mouse, move the cursor over the "Neogent" link on the [Neonatal Medication Protocols Home screen](#).
- Click on the Neogent link (intranet access only).
- Click once on the option 'enable macros' (if this message appears).
- Type in the patient's name. Move to the next box by hitting the 'TAB' key on the computer keyboard.
- Type in the times of drug administration and taking the levels, but bear in mind; (i) You need to put the hour in one box and the minutes in the other. (ii) Use a '24 hour' clock format. For example, if a time is 2pm, type it in as 14 (ie 12 noon + 2 hours)

- Type in the date (dd/mm/yy format, for example, 23/07/21 for 23rd July 2021).
- Using the mouse, move the cursor and click on the button that says 'click here'. This will print off a report, clear all the data you have just typed in and switch off the programme.
- Take the printed report from the printer, bring it to the attention of a medical officer and place it into the patient's file.
- The report will suggest an appropriate dose adjustment if required

Comments

Incorrect dosing with respect to age, weight and renal function may result in significant ototoxicity and nephrotoxicity. Under dosing may result in treatment failure, monitoring of drug levels may be required.

Related Policies, Procedures & Guidelines

[CAHS Medication Administration Protocol](#)

[Sepsis: Neonatal](#)

References

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KEMH/PMH research/audits

Monitoring: J. Ailakis Pharmacist PMH

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